

February 28, 2023

## NET DEBT LEVERAGE RATIO (NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURE)

Mallinckrodt plc and its subsidiaries (collectively, "the company") may from time to time reference net debt leverage ratio in its public communications, which is considered a "non-GAAP" financial measure under applicable U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission rules and regulations.

Net debt leverage ratio is a key financial measure that is used by management to assess the borrowing capacity of the company. The company has defined its net debt leverage ratio as net debt (total principal debt outstanding less unrestricted cash) divided by adjusted EBITDA for the trailing twelve month period. Adjusted EBITDA for purposes of the net debt leverage ratio represents net loss, prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. ("GAAP"), adjusted for interest expense, taxes, depreciation and amortization, certain items that management believes are not reflective of the operational performance of the business and additional adjustments. These adjustments include, but are not limited to, non-restructuring impairment charges; restructuring charges, net; inventory step-up expense; discontinued operations; changes in fair value of contingent consideration obligations; significant legal and environmental charges; unrealized gain on equity investment; separation costs; gains on debt extinguishment, net; fresh-started related expenses; reorganization items, net and other items identified by the company.

This adjusted measure should be considered supplemental to and not a substitute for financial information prepared in accordance with GAAP. The company's definition of this adjusted measure may differ from similarly titled measures used by others.

Because adjusted financial measures exclude the effect of items that will increase or decrease the company's reported results of operations, Mallinckrodt strongly encourages investors to review the company's consolidated financial statements and publicly filed reports in their entirety. A reconciliation of the net debt leverage ratio to GAAP net loss is included in the following table.

## NET DEBT LEVERAGE RATIO <sup>1</sup>:

	St	Successor December 30, 2022	
	Decen		
Total debt	\$	3,534.1	
Less: Unrestricted cash		409.5	
Net debt	\$	3,124.6	

	Successor		Predecessor	Non-GAAP Combined	
		Months Ended nber 30, 2022	Twelve Months Ended December 30, 2022	Twelve Months Ended December 30, 2022	
AAP Net Loss:	•		-	• (=++ •	
Period from June 17, 2022 through December 30, 2022	\$	(598.1)	\$ —	\$ (598.1	
Plus: Period January 1, 2022 through June 16, 2022	-		(313.1)	(313.1	
Twelve months ended December 30, 2022	\$	(598.1)	(313.1)	\$ (911.2	
railing twelve months adjustments:					
Interest expense		324.3	108.6	432.9	
Income taxes		(52.0)	(497.3)	(549.3	
Depreciation		28.8	40.0	68.8	
Intangible asset amortization		318.7	281.8	600.5	
Restructuring charges, net		11.1	9.6	20.7	
Fresh-start inventory step-up expense		298.7	_	298.7	
Discontinued operations		(0.2)	(0.9)	(1.1	
Change in fair value of contingent consideration obligations		0.5	_	0.5	
Significant legal and environmental charges		—	11.1	11.1	
Non-cash share-based compensation		1.4	1.7	3.1	
Separation costs		21.2	9.0	30.2	
Gain on debt extinguishment, net		(21.4)		(21.4	
Fair value impact on debt extinguishment		22.4	_	22.4	
Unrealized (gain) loss on equity investments		(9.2)	22.2	13.0	
Other income, net		(1.8)	(7.6)	(9.4	
Reorganization items, net		23.2	630.9	654.1	
Bad debt expense - customer bankruptcy		6.4	_	6.4	
Other credit facility addbacks		0.2	(0.3)	(0.1	
djusted EBITDA	\$	374.2	\$ 295.7	\$ 669.9	

(1) The trailing twelve month period includes the results of the company prior to its emergence from Chapter 11 (Predecessor) and after its emergence (Successor). While these periods are not comparable, management believes that its adjusted EBITDA for the Successor period when combined with the adjusted EBITDA for the Predecessor period provides a more meaningful assessment of the company's borrowing capacity.